

## Das Zehnersystem

|       |         |        |        |        |        |        |        |   |           |           |    |
|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|-----------|-----------|----|
| ..... | $10^6$  | $10^5$ | $10^4$ | $10^3$ | $10^2$ | $10^1$ | $10^0$ |   | $10^{-1}$ | $10^{-2}$ | .. |
| ..... | 1000000 | 100000 | 10000  | 1000   | 100    | 10     | 1      |   | 0,1       | 0,01      | .. |
|       |         |        |        | 4      | 6      | 2      | 3      | , | 4         | 8         |    |

$$4623,48 = 4 \cdot 1000 + 6 \cdot 100 + 2 \cdot 10 + 3 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 0,1 + 8 \cdot 0,01$$

Im Zehnersystem gibt es 10 Ziffern : 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9

## Das Zweiersystem

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |   |               |               |    |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---------------|---------------|----|
| ..... | $2^6$ | $2^5$ | $2^4$ | $2^3$ | $2^2$ | $2^1$ | $2^0$ |   | $2^{-1}$      | $2^{-2}$      | .. |
| ..... | 64    | 32    | 16    | 8     | 4     | 2     | 1     |   | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | .. |
|       |       |       |       | 1     | 0     | 1     | 1     | , | 0             | 1             |    |

$$(1011,01)_2 = 1 \cdot 8 + 1 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 11,25$$

$$(1011000010)_2 = 1 \cdot 512 + 1 \cdot 128 + 1 \cdot 64 + 1 \cdot 2 = 706$$

$$1000 = 1 \cdot 512 + 1 \cdot 256 + 1 \cdot 128 + 1 \cdot 64 + 1 \cdot 32 + 0 \cdot 16 + 1 \cdot 8 + 0 \cdot 4 + 0 \cdot 2 + 0 \cdot 1$$

$$= (11111101000)_2$$

Im Zweiersystem gibt es 2 Ziffern : 0,1

Übung:  $(101010)_2 =$

$$311 =$$

$$600 =$$

## Das Sechszehner (Hexadezimal) -System

|       |        |        |        |        |   |                |                 |    |
|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|----------------|-----------------|----|
| ..... | $16^3$ | $16^2$ | $16^1$ | $16^0$ |   | $16^{-1}$      | $16^{-2}$       | .. |
|       | 4288   | 256    | 16     | 1      |   | $\frac{1}{16}$ | $\frac{1}{256}$ | .. |
|       |        | 2      | B      | F      | , | 2              | 0               |    |

Im Sechszehnersystem gibt es **16** Ziffern :

**0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,A,B,C,D,E,F**

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$$(2BF,2)_{\text{HEX}} = 2 * 256 + 11 * 16 + 15 * 1 + 2 * \frac{1}{16} = 447,125$$

$$(100C)_{\text{HEX}} = 1 * 4096 + 12 * 1 = 5008$$

$$100 = 6 * 16 + 4 * 1 = (64)_{\text{HEX}}$$

Übung:

$$(A9)_{\text{HEX}} =$$

$$400 =$$

$$(2FF)_{\text{HEX}} =$$